

Transportation Inventory - Classroom Survey Section

Note: This section of the transportation inventory is designed as a survey to gather information on how students and staff travel to school. Some answers to later questions should be based on this survey. Use the same survey for each class in the school. Combine surveys to compile school-wide data.

These are the questions to explore in the Classroom Survey Section of the Transportation Inventory.

	Inventory Questions	Ideas for School Improvement	Resources	Connections to KY Core Content 4.1
2	What mode of transportation do students/staff in your class use most to get to school? A. Car B. Van/minivan C. Truck D. SUV E. School bus F. Public bus G. Bike H. Walk I. Other Total number of students/staff in class Note: student sheet has survey form rather than questions. How far does each student live from school (e.g., a range of 0.2 – 7 miles with the average student living 4 miles away)?		This webpage gives a summary of how children get to school in Japan http://web-japan.org/kidsweb/explore/schools/q5.html Kentucky's Safe Routes to Schools website http://www.saferoutes.kv.gov/ National Safe Routes To School Clearinghouse website http://www.saferoutesinfo.org/ Kentucky Department of Education Transportation Webpage http://www.education.kv.gov/KDE/Administrative+Resources/Transportation/default.htm National Highway Traffic Safety Administration http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov/ Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration http://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/ National Transportation Safety Board http://www.ntsb.gov/ U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration http://www.fmwa.dot.gov/ U.S. Census Bureau http://www.census.gov/ U.S. Department of Education National Center for Education Statistics http://nces.ed.gov/index.asp	Primary MA-EP-1.3.1 Students will analyze real-world situations to identify the appropriate mathematical operations, and will apply operations to solve real-world problems with the following constraints: • Add and subtract whole numbers with three digits or less; • Multiply whole numbers of 10 or less; • Add and subtract fractions with like denominators less than or equal to four; and • Add and subtract decimals related to money. PL-EP-3.3.01 Students will identify consumer actions (reusing, reducing, recycling) that impact the environment. Fourth Grade MA-04-1.3.1 Students will analyze real-world situations to identify the appropriate mathematical operations, and will apply operations to solve real-world problems with the following constraints: • Add and subtract whole numbers with four digits or less; • Multiply whole numbers with two digits or less; • Divide whole numbers with three digits or less by single-digit divisors (with or without remainders); • Add and subtract fractions with like denominators less than 10; and • Add and subtract decimals through hundredths. PL-04-3.3.01 Students will identify and describe consumer actions (reusing, reducing, recycling) that impact the environment. Fifth Grade MA-05-1.3.1 Students will analyze real-world situations to identify the appropriate mathematical operations, and will apply operations to solve real-world problems with the following constraints: • Add, subtract, multiply, and divide whole numbers (less than 100,000,000); • Add and subtract fractions with like denominators through 16, with sums less than or equal to one; and



Add and subtract decimals through hundredths.
PL-05-3.3.01 Students will describe consumer actions (reusing, reducing, recycling) and identify ways these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources, reducing pollution, reducing solid waste).
PL-05-3.3.02 Students will identify and describe the available health and safety agencies in a community that provide services: Health department Fire department Sanitation Police Ambulance services
Sixth Grade PL-06-3.3.01 Students will describe consumer actions (reuse, reduce, recycle) and explain how these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources, reducing pollution, reducing solid waste, conserving energy).
PL-06-3.3.02 Students will identify and describe a range of resources and services provided by community agencies: Public health department Fire department Police department Family resource center
Seventh Grade PL-07-3.3.01 Students will describe consumer actions (reuse, reduce, recycle) and explain how these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources, reducing pollution, reducing solid waste, conserving energy).
Eighth Grade PL-08-3.3.01 Students will describe consumer actions (reuse, reduce, recycle) and explain how these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources, reducing pollution, reducing solid waste, conserving energy).
High School PL-HS-3.3.01 Students will compare consumer actions (reuse, reduce, recycle, choosing renewable energy sources, using biodegradable packaging materials, composting) and analyze how these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources; reducing water, air, and land pollution; reducing solid waste; conserving energy; greenhouse effect, slowing global warming).





		Trans	sportation Inventory – Walking and Biking to Sc	hool Section
	These are the questions to e	xplore in the Walki	ng and Biking to School Section of the Transportation Inve	entory.
	Inventory Questions	Ideas for School Improvement	Resources	Connections to KY Core Content 4.1
4	What percentage of students/staff who live less than one mile from school walks or bikes? What measures are in place to insure the safety of those students who walk or bike to school?	Use the walkability and bikability checklists from www.bicyclinginfo.org and to evaluate the walkability and bikability of routes to your school to determine accessibility and safety. From the information	Kentucky's Safe Routes to Schools website http://www.saferoutes.ky.gov/ This website is dedicated to walking to school http://www.iwalktoschool.org/ This activity is designed to encourage student to "look and learn" about their community as they walk to and from school http://www.iwalktoschool.org/downloads/Activity-Pkg-04 5-8 On-my-way-to-school.pdf	Primary PL-EP-1.4.01 Students will identify safety practices (e.g., use of seatbelts/helmets/life vests) for dealing with a variety of health hazards (e.g., crossing the street, talking to strangers) while at school, home, and play. Fourth Grade PL-04-1.4.01
6	Are these features available between school and the homes of your classmates? A. sidewalks (3-5' wide) B. bike paths (8-12' wide) C. bike lanes (on road) D. wide shoulders(>5' wide) E. secure bike parking Do intersections near or on the way to school have: A. pedestrian signals at busy intersections? B. enough time to cross at pedestrian signals? C. crosswalks? D. curb cuts? E. adequate lighting? F. smooth paved walking surfaces? G. crossing guards or safety patrols?	gathered design a plan (using a powerpoint or brochure) to improve the walkability and bikability of routes to your school. Share your findings and plan with students, staff, and teachers.	http://www.iwalktoschool.org/downloads/Activity-Pkq-04 5-8 On-my-way-to-school.pdf This is the pedestrian and bicycle information center http://www.pedbikeinfo.org/ This webpage contains an article that highlights walking to school in Great Britain http://www.eastsussex.gov.uk/yourcouncil/pressoffice/pressreleases/2006/05/945.htm Scroll down this page to find a British video entitled A Safer Way To School http://www.number10.gov.uk/output/Page3634.asp Federal Department of Transportation Teacher Resources http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/outreach/KidsPage/safeschool/teachers/index.html Website supporting human-powered transportation www.activetransportation.org National Coalition of Walking Advocates http://www.americawalks.org/ This website is dedicated to walking to school. http://www.iwalktoschool.org/ National Transportation Safety Board http://www.iwalktoschool.org/ University of North Carolina Highway Safety Research Center http://www.hsrc.unc.edu/index.cfm	Students will identify safety practices (e.g., use of seatbelts/helmets/life vests) for dealing with a variety of health hazards (e.g., crossing the street, talking to strangers, dealing with threatening situations) while at home, school, and play. Fifth Grade PL-05-1.4.01 Students will describe safety practices (e.g., use of seatbelts/helmets/life vests) for dealing with a variety of health hazards (e.g., crossing the street, talking to strangers, dealing with threatening situations) while at home, school, and play. Sixth Grade MA-06-1.1.1 Students will provide examples of and describe fractions, decimals, and percents. MA-06-1.2.1 Students will estimate to solve real-world and/or mathematical problems with whole numbers, fractions, decimals, and percents, checking for reasonable and appropriate computational results. PL-06-1.4.01 Students will describe safety practices (e.g., walking in opposite direction of violence, staying calm in dangerous situations) for dealing with a variety of health hazards (e.g., firearms, motorized vehicles, or potentially unsafe or threatening situations) encountered by adolescents. Seventh Grade MA-07-1.1.1 Students will provide examples of and describe integers, fractions, decimals, percents, and \(\pi\). MA-07-1.2.1 Students will estimate to solve real-world and/or mathematical problems with fractions, decimals, and percents, checking for reasonable and appropriate computational results.



	PL-07-1.4.01 Students will explain how health hazards (e.g., firearms, motorized vehicles, or potentially unsafe or threatening situations) and safety practices (e.g., walking in opposite direction of violence, staying calm in dangerous situations, wearing protective gear, notifying appropriate authority) may influence their personal health.
	Eighth Grade PL-08-1.4.01 Students will explain how health hazards (e.g., firearms, motorized vehicles, all terrain vehicles, personal water craft, potentially unsafe or threatening situations) and safety practices (e.g., walking in opposite direction of violence, staying calm in dangerous situations, wearing protective gear, notifying appropriate authority) may influence their personal health.
	High School PL-HS-1.4.01 Students will analyze how responsible use of machinery; motorized vehicles (e.g., all terrain vehicles, motorcycle, automobile, personal watercraft) and firearms reduce the risk of accidents and save lives.



Transportation Inventory – Vehicular Traffic Section These are the questions to explore in the Vehicular Traffic Section of the Transportation Inventory. Ideas for Connections to **Inventory Questions** Resources **School Improvement KY Core Content 4.1** What percentage of students/staff who live Research the benefits of This webpage gives a summary of how children get to school in Japan near a public bus route uses it to travel to http://web-japan.org/kidsweb/japan/schools/g5.html carpooling. Create a Primary school? carpool website that PL-EP-3.3.01 explains the benefits of Kentucky Department of Education Transportation Webpage Students will identify consumer actions (reusing, reducing, recycling) that impact the carpooling and helps http://www.education.ky.gov/KDE/Administrative+Resources/Transportation/default.htm environment. parents in your school area to form carpools. EPA and US Department of Transportation carpool publication PL-EP-1.4.01 Of the students/staff who come to school http://www.bwc.gov/pdf/carpool.pdf Students will identify safety practices (e.g., use of seatbelts/helmets/life vests) for in a car, van, minivan, truck or SUV, what Research whether fuel dealing with a variety of health hazards (e.g., crossing the street, talking to strangers) percentage of students/staff comes to consumption and Federal Highway Administration school carpool information while at school, home, and play. school in a carpool? Consider a carpool http://www.ops.fhwa.dot.gov/publications/mitig_traf cong/contra_costa_case.htm pollution would be two or more students/staff who ride Fourth Grade reduced by turning off together in the same vehicle to and from school bus engines when Carpooling information from New South Wales PL-04-1.4.01 school. parked outside the http://www.rta.nsw.gov.au/doingbusinesswithus/managingtraveldemand/carpooling.html Students will identify safety practices (e.g., use of seatbelts/helmets/life vests) for How many school buses stop at your school. Determine the dealing with a variety of health hazards (e.g., crossing the street, talking to strangers, school during the day? amount of fuel used and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency school bus info dealing with threatening situations) while at home, school, and play. http://www.epa.gov/cleanschoolbus/index.htm the amount of emissions from idling school buses. PL-04-3.3.01 Present your findings to This activity is designed to encourage student to "look and learn" about their community as Students will identify and describe consumer actions (reusing, reducing, recycling) that students, teachers, and they walk to and from school. impact the environment. How many school buses idle their engines http://www.iwalktoschool.org/downloads/Activity-Pkg-04 5-8 On-my-way-to-school.pdf staff using (PowerPoint, for longer than 3 minutes while parked brochures etc). SC-04-4.7.2 Students will outside the school? National Safe Routes To School Clearinghouse website describe human interactions in the environment where they live: Are road signs posted indicating a school http://www.saferoutesinfo.org/ classify the interactions as beneficial or harmful to the environment using zone? data/evidence to support conclusions. Kentucky's Safe Routes to Schools website What safety measures are used for drophttp://www.saferoutes.ky.gov/ All organisms, including humans, cause changes in the environment where they live. off/pick-up points for vehicles? Some of these changes are etrimental to the organism or to other organisms; other A. Are there two separate drop-off points Federal Department of Transportation Teacher Resources changes are beneficial (e.g., dams benefit some aquatic organisms but are detrimental for buses and personal vehicles? http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/outreach/KidsPage/safeschool/teachers/index.html to others). By evaluating the consequences of change using cause and effect B. Are drop-off points located so students relationships, solutions to real life situations/dilemmas can be proposed. do not have to cross traffic flow? Federal Motor Carrier Safety Administration C. Are drop-off points located away from http://www.fmcsa.dot.gov/ Fifth Grade other parking areas? PL-05-1.4.01 D. Are drop-off points supervised during National Transportation Safety Board Students will describe safety practices (e.g., use of seatbelts/helmets/life vests) for heavy traffic times? http://www.ntsb.gov/ dealing with a variety of health hazards (e.g., crossing the street, talking to strangers. dealing with threatening situations) while at home, school, and play. University of North Carolina Highway Safety Research Center http://www.hsrc.unc.edu/index.cfm PL-05-3.3.01 Students will describe consumer actions (reusing, reducing, recycling) and identify ways these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources, reducing pollution,

reducing solid waste).



33113313	
	Sixth Grade MA-06-1.1.1 Students will provide examples of and describe fractions, decimals, and percents. MA-06-1.2.1 Students will estimate to solve real-world and/or mathematical problems with whole numbers, fractions, decimals, and percents, checking for reasonable and appropriate computational results. PL-06-1.4.01 Students will describe safety practices (e.g., walking in opposite direction of violence, staying calm in dangerous situations) for dealing with a variety of health hazards (e.g., firearms, motorized vehicles, or potentially unsafe or threatening situations) encountered by adolescents. PL-06-3.3.01 Students will describe consumer actions (reuse, reduce, recycle) and explain how these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources, reducing pollution, reducing solid waste, conserving energy). Seventh Grade MA-07-1.1.1 Students will provide examples of and describe integers, fractions, decimals, percents, and fr. MA-07-1.2.1 Students will provide examples of and describe integers, fractions, decimals, percents, and grade and appropriate computational results. PL-07-1.4.01 Students will ostimate to solve real-world and/or mathematical problems with fractions, decimals, and percents, checking for reasonable and appropriate computational results. PL-07-1.4.01 Students will ospiain how health hazards (e.g., firearms, motorized vehicles, or potentially unsafe or threatening situations) and safety practices (e.g., walking in opposite direction of violence, staying calm in dangerous situations, wearing protective gear notifying appropriate authority) may influence their personal health. PL-07-3.3.01 Students will describe consumer actions (reuse, reduce, recycle) and explain how these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources, reducing poliution, reducing solid waste, conserving energy).



	Eighth Grade PL-08-1.4.01 Students will explain how health hazards (e.g., firearms, motorized vehicles, all terrain vehicles, personal water craft, potentially unsafe or threatening situations) and safety practices (e.g., walking in opposite direction of violence, staying calm in dangerous situations, wearing protective gear, notifying appropriate authority) may influence their personal health. PL-08-3.3.01 Students will describe consumer actions (reuse, reduce, recycle) and explain how these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources, reducing pollution, reducing solid waste, conserving energy). High School PL-HS-1.4.01
	Students will analyze how responsible use of machinery; motorized vehicles (e.g., all terrain vehicles, motorcycle, automobile, personal watercraft) and firearms reduce the risk of accidents and save lives. DOK 3 PL-HS-3.3.01 Students will compare consumer actions (reuse, reduce, recycle, choosing renewable energy sources, using biodegradable packaging materials, composting) and analyze how these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources; reducing water, air, and land pollution; reducing solid waste; conserving energy; greenhouse effect, slowing global warming). SC-HS-4.7.3 Students will predict the consequences of changes to any component (atmosphere, solid Earth, oceans, living things) of the Earth System; propose justifiable solutions to global problems.
	Interactions among the solid Earth, the oceans, the atmosphere, and living things have resulted in the ongoing development of a changing Earth system.



	Transportation Inventory – Community and Curriculum Section		
These are the questions to explo	lore in the Com	munity and Curriculum Section of the Transportation Inve	entory.
Inventory Questions Scho	Ideas for chool Improvement	Resources	Connections to KY Core Content 4.1
participate to encourage carpooling, use of public transportation, or non-vehicular transportation to and from school (e.g., ride-share, bike to school week, pedestrian or bike safety classes)?	ey of drivers and sengers coming to bol. Based on your ngs design and ement a plan to	Kentucky's Safe Routes to Schools website http://www.saferoutes.ky.gov/ National Safe Routes To School Clearinghouse website http://www.saferoutesinfo.org/	Primary PL-EP-1.4.01 Students will identify safety practices (e.g., use of seatbelts/helmets/life vests) for dealing with a variety of health hazards (e.g., crossing the street, talking to strangers) while at school, home, and play.
	our community.	Federal Department of Transportation Teacher Resources http://www.nhtsa.dot.gov/people/outreach/KidsPage/safeschool/teachers/index.html This website is dedicated to walking to school http://www.iwalktoschool.org/ This is the pedestrian and bicycle information center http://www.pedbikeinfo.org/	PL-EP-3.3.01 Students will identify consumer actions (reusing, reducing, recycling) that impact the environment. SS-EP-3.1.1 Students will describe basic economic concepts related to scarcity (e.g., opportunity cost, productive resources—natural and human, limited resources) and explain why people cannot have all the goods and services they want.
What training and/or safety policies do school staff follow to drive school vehicles (include those dealing with seat belts and interactions between vehicles, pedestrians and bikers)?		This webpage contains an article that highlights walking to school in Great Britain http://www.eastsussex.gov.uk/yourcouncil/pressoffice/pressreleases/2006/05/945.htm Website supporting human-powered transportation www.activetransportation.org Kentucky Clean Fuels Coalition www.kentuckycleanfuels.org/index.html	SS-EP-3.1.1 Students will define basic economic terms related to scarcity (e.g., opportunity cost, wants and needs, limited productive resources-natural, human, capital) and explain that scarcity requires people to make economic choices and incur opportunity costs. DOK 2
Does your school district offer a driver's education course for students? How are topics covering health and environmental impacts (e.g., fuel economy, emissions, alternative fuels, impervious parking lots, loss of habitat from road construction) of transportation choices part of each grade's curriculum?		U.S. Environmental Protection Agency school bus info http://www.epa.gov/cleanschoolbus/index.htm American Driver and Traffic Safety Education Association http://www.adtsea.iup.edu/adtsea/curriculum/default.aspx National Transportation Safety Board http://www.ntsb.gov/	Fourth Grade PL-04-1.4.01 Students will identify safety practices (e.g., use of seatbelts/helmets/life vests) for dealing with a variety of health hazards (e.g., crossing the street, talking to strangers, dealing with threatening situations) while at home, school, and play. PL-04-3.3.01 Students will identify and describe consumer actions (reusing, reducing, recycling) that impact the environment.
		University of North Carolina Highway Safety Research Center http://www.hsrc.unc.edu/index.cfm	



	T		
18	How is transportation safety (e.g., use of seat belts and bike helmets, pedestrian	National Coalition of Walking Advocates	SC-04-4.7.2
	safety, traffic laws) part of each grade's	http://www.americawalks.org/	Students will
	curriculum?	nttp://www.americawaiks.org/	
	Curriculum:		describe human interactions in the environment where they live; aleasify the interactions as beneficial as berreful to the environment using
			classify the interactions as beneficial or harmful to the environment using
			data/evidence to support conclusions.
			All organisms, including humans, cause changes in the environment where they live.
			Some of these changes are detrimental to the organism or to other organisms; other
19	Who conducted this Transportation		changes are beneficial (e.g., dams benefit some aquatic organisms but are detrimental
	Inventory (e.g., Mr. Honda's social studies		to others). By evaluating the consequences of change using cause and effect
	classes with assistance from Mr.		relationships, solutions to real life situations/dilemmas can be proposed.
	Conductor, bus garage supervisor, and		
	Mrs. Ford, driver education teacher)?		SS-04-3.1.1
			Students will explain how individuals and groups in regions of Kentucky make economic
			decisions based on their limited productive resources (natural, human, capital).
			SS-04-3.1.1
			Students will describe scarcity and explain how scarcity requires people in Kentucky to
			make economic choices (e.g., use of productive resources - natural, human, capital) and
			incur opportunity costs. DOK 2
			Fifth Grade
			PL-05-1.4.01
			Students will describe safety practices (e.g., use of seatbelts/helmets/life vests) for
			dealing with a variety of health hazards (e.g., crossing the street, talking to strangers,
			dealing with threatening situations) while at home, school, and play.
			PL-05-3.3.01
			Students will describe consumer actions (reusing, reducing, recycling) and identify ways
			these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources, reducing pollution,
			reducing solid waste).
			SS-05-3.1.1
			Students will describe how individuals and groups in regions of the United States make
			economic decisions based on limited productive resources (natural, human, capital)
			SS-05-3.1.1
			Students will describe scarcity and explain how scarcity required people in different periods in the U.S. (Colonization, Expansion, Twentieth Century to Present) to make
			economic choices (e.g., use of productive resources- natural, human, capital) and incur
			· ·
			opportunity costs. DOK 2
			Sixth Grade
			PL-06-1.4.01
			Students will describe safety practices (e.g., walking in opposite direction of violence,
			staying calm in dangerous situations) for dealing with a variety of health hazards (e.g.,
			firearms, motorized vehicles, or potentially unsafe or threatening situations) encountered



	by adolescents.
	PL-06-3.3.01 Students will describe consumer actions (reuse, reduce, recycle) and explain how these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources, reducing pollution, reducing solid waste, conserving energy).
	PL-06-3.3.02 Students will identify and describe a range of resources and services provided by community agencies: Public health department Fire department Police department Family resource center
	SS-06-3.1.1 Students will explain and give examples of how scarcity requires individuals, groups, and governments in the present day to make decisions about how productive resources (natural resources, human resources and capital goods) are used.
	Seventh Grade
	PL-07-1.4.01 Students will explain how health hazards (e.g., firearms, motorized vehicles, or potentially unsafe or threatening situations) and safety practices (e.g., walking in opposite direction of violence, staying calm in dangerous situations, wearing protective gear, notifying appropriate authority) may influence their personal health.
	PL-07-3.3.01 Students will describe consumer actions (reuse, reduce, recycle) and explain how these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources, reducing pollution, reducing solid waste, conserving energy).
	PL-07-3.3.02 Students will identify and describe resources and services provided by community agencies:
	 Public health department Fire department Police department Family resource center
	SC-07-4.7.1 Students will compare abiotic and biotic factors in an ecosystem in order to explain consequences of change in one or more factors.
	The number of organisms an ecosystem can support depends on the resources available and abiotic factors (e.g., quantity of light and water, range of temperatures, soil composition). Given adequate biotic and abiotic resources and no diseases or predators, populations (including humans) increase at rapid rates. Lack of resources and other factors, such as predation and climate, limit the growth of populations in specific niches



in the ecosystem.
SS-07-3.1.1 Students will explain and give examples of how scarcity required individuals, groups and governments in early civilizations prior to 1500 A.D. to make decisions about how productive resources (natural resources, human resources, capital goods) were used. DOK 2
Eighth Grade PL-08-1.4.01 Students will explain how health hazards (e.g., firearms, motorized vehicles, all terrain vehicles, personal water craft, potentially unsafe or threatening situations) and safety practices (e.g., walking in opposite direction of violence, staying calm in dangerous situations, wearing protective gear, notifying appropriate authority) may influence their personal health.
PL-08-3.3.01 Students will describe consumer actions (reuse, reduce, recycle) and explain how these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources, reducing pollution, reducing solid waste, conserving energy).
PL-08-3.3.02 Students will identify and explain the importance of resources and services provided by community agencies and how these resources benefit the overall community. • Public health department • Fire department • Police department • Family resource center
SC-08-4.6.2 Students will describe or explain energy transfer and energy conservation; evaluate alternative solutions to energy problems.
Energy can be transferred in many ways, but it can neither be created nor destroyed. SS-08-3.1.1 Students will explain and give examples of how scarcity required individuals, groups and the government in the United States prior to Reconstruction to make decisions about how productive resources (natural resources, human resources, capital goods) were used. DOK 2
High School PL-HS-1.4.01 Students will analyze how responsible use of machinery; motorized vehicles (e.g., all terrain vehicles, motorcycle, automobile, personal watercraft) and firearms reduce the risk of accidents and save lives. Students will describe the relationship among private, public, and nonprofit health



	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	agencies and compare the services provided by each agency:
	Private health care facilities (e.g., private physicians, nursing homes,
	rehabilitation facilities)
	Hospitals
	Public health departments and clinics
	DES (Disaster and Emergency Services)
	Family Resource Centers
	Medicare/Medicaid insurance
	Nonprofit health organizations (e.g., American Heart Association, American
	Red Cross, American Cancer Society)
	PL-HS-3.3.01
	Students will compare consumer actions (reuse, reduce, recycle, choosing renewable
	energy sources, using biodegradable packaging materials, composting) and analyze
	how these actions impact the environment (e.g., conserving resources; reducing water,
	air, and land pollution; reducing solid waste; conserving energy; greenhouse effect,
	slowing global warming).
	00.110.4.7.0.0(*********************************
	SC-HS-4.7.2 Students will
	evaluate proposed solutions from multiple perspectives to environmental and because of the because of the because of the second solutions.
	problems caused by human interaction;
	justify positions using evidence/data.
	Human beings live within the world's ecosystems. Human activities can deliberately or
	inadvertently alter the dynamics in ecosystems. These activities can threaten current
	and future global stability and, if not addressed, ecosystems can be irreversibly affected.
	and rating global stability and, if not addressed, ecosystems can be inteversibly anected.
	SC-HS-4.7.3
	Students will
	 predict the consequences of changes to any component (atmosphere, solid
	Earth, oceans, living things) of the Earth System;
	 propose justifiable solutions to global problems.
	Interactions among the solid Earth, the oceans, the atmosphere, and living things have
	resulted in the ongoing development of a changing Earth system.
	SS-HS-3.1.1
	Students will give examples of and explain how scarcity of resources necessitates
	choices at both the personal and societal levels in the modern world (1500 A.D. to
	present) and the United States (Reconstruction to present) and explain the impact of
	those choices.
	SS-HS-5.3.6
	Students will explain how the second half of the 20th century was characterized by rapid
	social, political, and economic changes that created new challenges (e.g., population
	growth, diminishing natural resources, environmental concerns, human rights issues,
	technological and scientific advances, shifting political alliances, globalization of the
	economy) in countries around the world, and give examples of how countries have
	addressed these challenges.